



Department of Energy Ministry of MEIDECC

Mini-Grid Training: Energy Efficiency Measures & Productive Use of Energy





Who Are We?

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (Va'a Ma'u'anga Ivi)

Objective (Taumu'a Ngaue)

Reduce vulnerability to fuel price fluctuations and increase security and quality access to modern energy services in an affordable, more coordinated, financially and environmentally sustainable manner.

Energy Legislations (Lao Ma'u'anga Ivi)

○Tonga Energy Act 2021

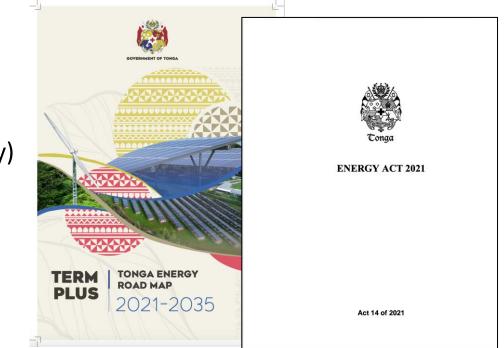
National Plans/Strategies (Ngaahi Palani/Fokotu'utu'u Ngaue)

Tonga Energy Road Map Plus (National Energy Policy)

OTonga Energy Efficiency Master Plan (TEEMP)

OLow Emissions Development Strategy (LEDS)

○Tonga 2nd NDC







What We Do

Energy Outcomes/Targets

TERMPLUS Thematic Area

- •Energy Supply
- •Energy Consumption
- •Electricity Generation and Distribution
- •Transportation
- •Energy Security
- •Energy Resilience

•Gender & Youth

•Data Management





































Where do you see yourself in the future?









Renewable Energy Resources

- Solar
- Wind
- Biomass

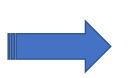


Ngaahi ngaue fakalakalaka 'oku malava 'e he Mini-grid





Misini Senoleita





Sola Minikuliti



Fakalakalaka mo'ui lelei





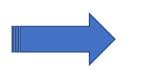
Fakamasima / fakamomoa



Hina 'ota/ ika tuku 'aisi



Tafu haka



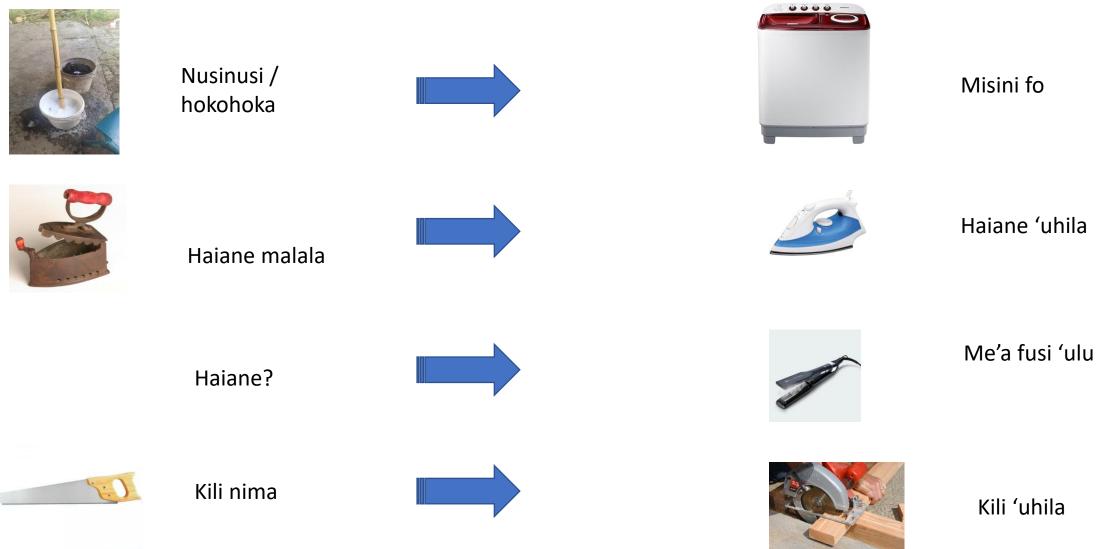


Sitou 'uhila



Ngaahi fakalakalaka faka ngaue





Kili 'uhila



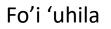
Fakalakalaka 'i he Ako











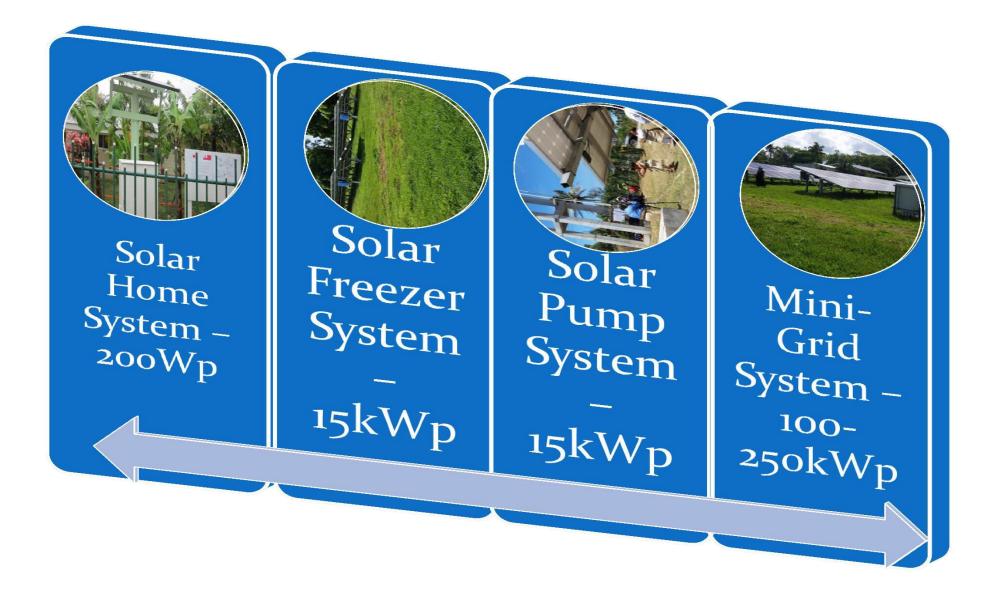
Printer / scanner

initaneti



Solar Electricity Generation





Tongatapu RE Project

Solar Farm

Masilamea 💿

Solar FarmNukunuku

Solar Farm

Liahona High School

Ha'alalo

(Vaini 1

Tatakamotonga 💿

Takuilau College

Lapaha Wind

Eatumu

Nakolo

Niutoua

Legend

Solar Farm Solar Pump Systems Solar Rooftop Wind Farm



Toloa

Toloa 2

Solar Farm

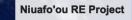
Solar Farm

Solar Farm

OTA







Legend Niuafo'ou Solar Minigrid System

Niuafo'ou Solar Minigrid System

Niuatoputapu RE Project

Legend Niuatoputapu Hybrid System Solar Home Systems

Niuatoputapu Hybrid System

Tafahi



Solar Home Systems







Solar Freezer Systems







Solar Pump Systems







Solar Minigrid Systems







Biomass - Biogas







Solar Street Light Systems





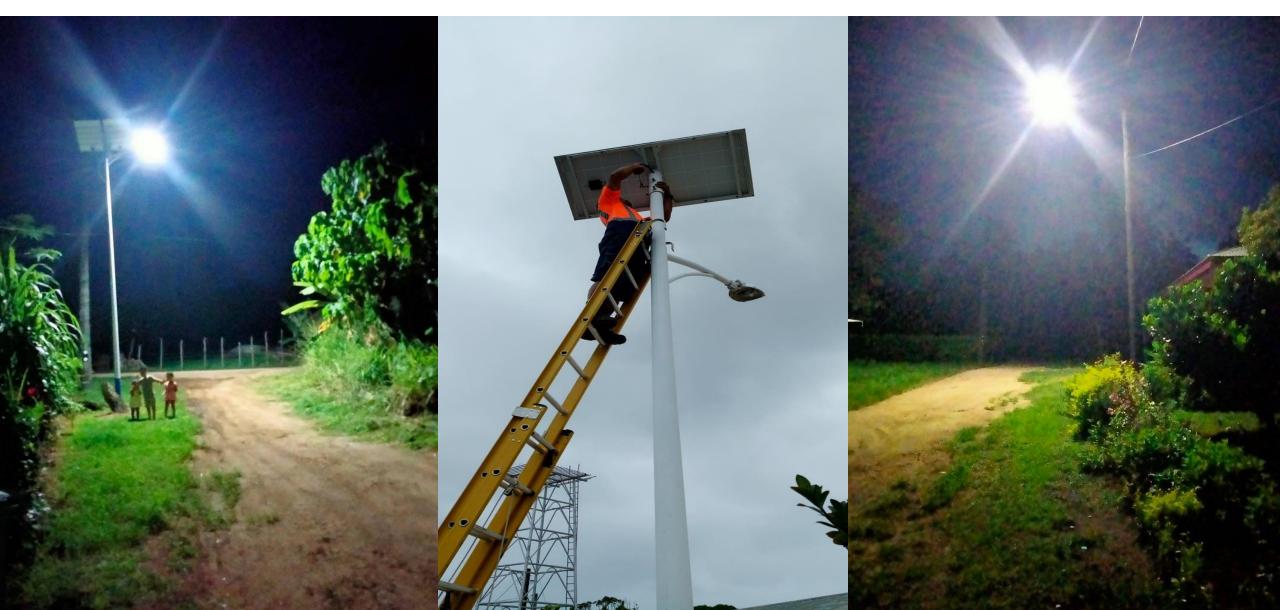














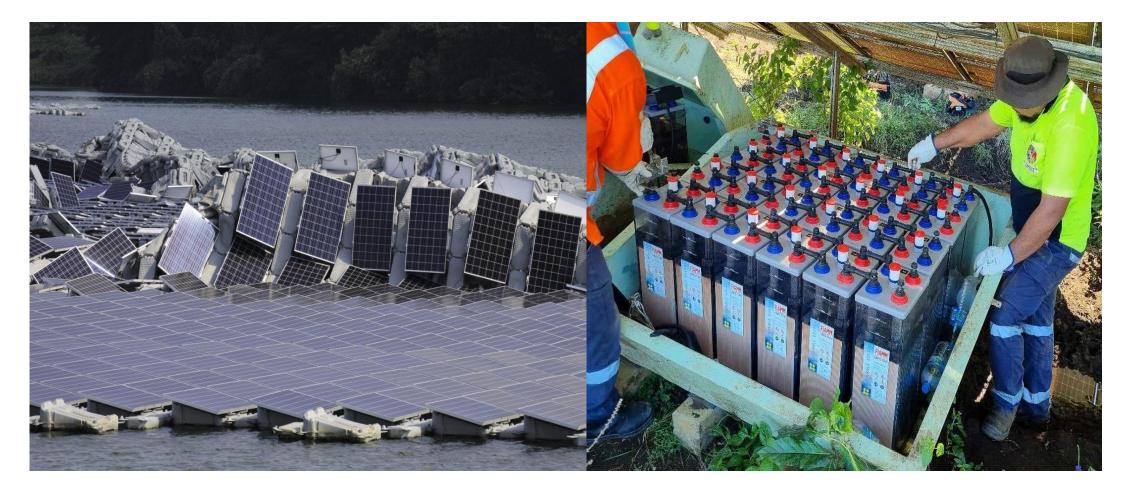






RE Hardware Recycles















Energy Efficiency in Tonga

Ngaue Fakapotopoto'aki Ma'u'anga

Tonga Energy Efficiency Master Plan 2020 - 2030



Ministry of Meteorology, Energy, Information, Disaster Management, Environment, Climate Change and Communications (MEIDECC)









Energy Efficiency vs Energy Conservation

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EE means using less energy to complete a task while achieving the same result. Focuses on equipment and technology being used. For example switching to LED lights

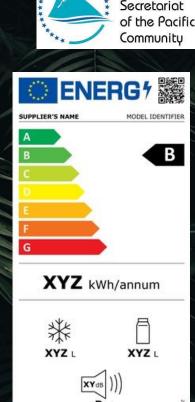
Energy Conservation is the decision and practice of using less energy. Focuses on the behavior of people. For example Opening a curtain for daylight instead of switching on a light











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Tested in accordance with JIS C 9612 Actual energy consumption may vary from test results For more information and to compare models, visit www.nea.gov.sg MELS-ABC-AC090012



Some examples of Current Policies and projects of the DOE for Energy Efficiency



- Implement building standards for resilience and energy efficiency
- MEPs for equipment and appliances
- Implement public awareness programs on energy efficiency and conservation







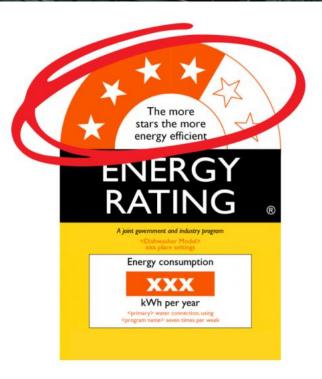


MEPSL: Minimum Energy Performance and Standards

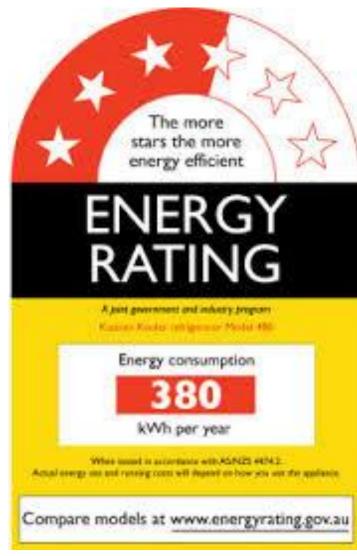


Energy Label shows twoimportant information1. Star Rating2. Energy Consumption

The more Stars the more Energy Efficient the appliance consuming less energy.

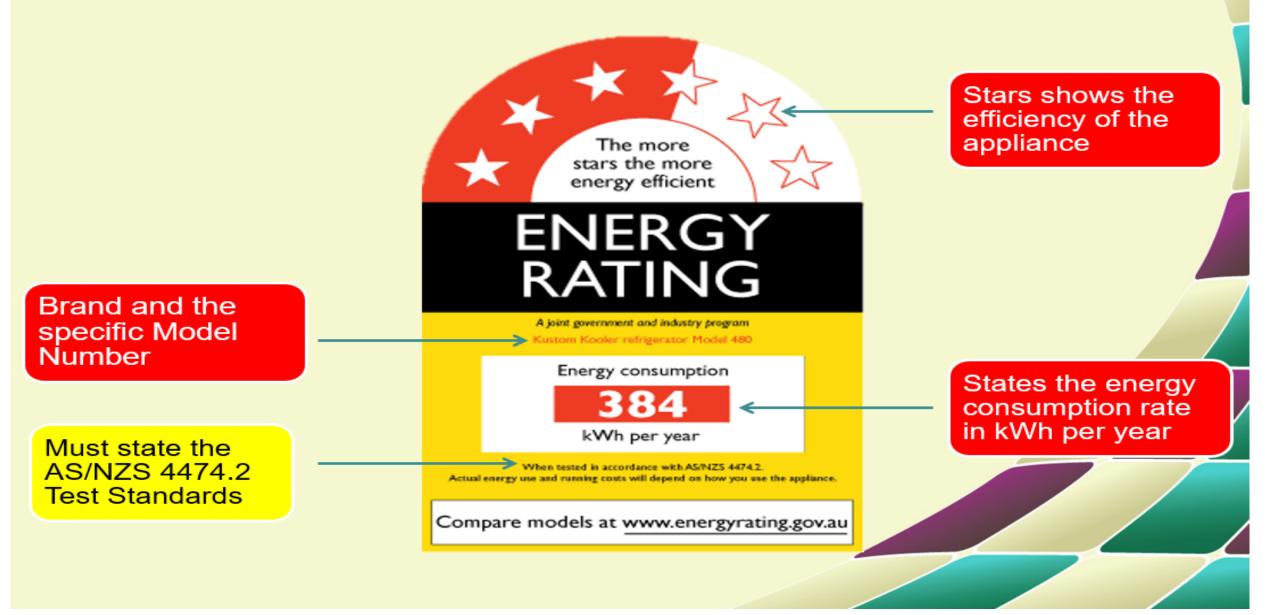


Minimum Energy Performance Standards & Labelling [MEPSL] program





Identifying Energy Rating Labels



THE ENERGY RATING LABEL

Calculating Cost to Run [Compare the labels on two similar sized fridges]:

- Annual Cost to Run = Energy Consumption (kWh) x Electricity Tariff (TOP/kWh)
- Example Kapau fie fakatau ha'o 'aisi fo'ou 'I Tonga, pea ko e totongi 'o e 'uhila ki he 'iuniti (kwH) ko e TOP\$1.10

	'Aisi 1	ʻAisi 2
Lahi e fetu'u he Leipolo	Fetu'u e 3	Fetu'u e 6
Lahi 'o e fakamole ki he 'aisi takitaha	542 kWh x \$1.10 = \$596 .20 ki he ta'u	318 kWh X \$1.10 = \$349. 80 ki he ta'u



Benefits of MEPSL

- . To reduce electricity bill and growing demand for electricity from the household sector (mo'ua 'uhila)
- 2. Limit the influx of sub-standard energy-efficient appliances into the local market
- 3. Risk of becoming a dumping ground for white goods from developed industrialized nations.



Malo 'aupito



